

## Claims

[c1] 1. A method of motion detection for a 3D comb filter video decoder, suitable for use in a National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) system, comprising: sampling a composite video signal to obtain and register a plurality of sampling data  $F_m P_{x,y}$ , wherein  $F_m P_{x,y}$  represents a sampling data of the composite video signal from the  $m^{\text{th}}$  frame in  $x^{\text{th}}$  line at  $y^{\text{th}}$  pixel; and judging whether the composite video signal to be a motion state or a still state, according to the sampling data of  $F_{m+1} P_{x,y}$ ,  $F_m P_{x,y}$ ,  $F_{m-1} P_{x,y}$ , and  $F_{m-2} P_{x,y}$ .

[c2] 2. The method of motion detection recited in claim 1, wherein the step of judging whether the composite video signal to be the motion state or the still state comprises: using the sampling data of  $F_{m+1} P_{x,y}$ ,  $F_m P_{x,y}$ ,  $F_{m-1} P_{x,y}$ , and  $F_{m-2} P_{x,y}$  to calculate and obtain a plurality of maximum differences  $MD_{x,y}$ , wherein  $MD_{x,y}$  represents the maximum difference for the  $y^{\text{th}}$  pixel in the  $x^{\text{th}}$  line; selecting the maximum differences for any adjacent four pixels to take an average, for obtaining a plurality of motion factors  $MF_{x,y}$ , wherein  $MF_{x,y}$  represents the motion factor for the  $y^{\text{th}}$  pixel in the  $x^{\text{th}}$  line; and

detecting the motion factor  $MF_{x,y}$  to judge whether the composite video signal to be the motion state or the still state.

- [c3] 3. The method of motion detection recited in claim 2, wherein the step of sampling the composite video signal comprises using a sampling frequency, which is four times of a subcarrier signal of the composite video signal, to sample, wherein the subcarrier signal is sampled at phase angles of 0,  $0.5\pi$ ,  $\pi$ , and  $1.5\pi$ .
- [c4] 4. The method of motion detection recited in claim 3, wherein the  $MD_{x,y}$  is calculated by  $MD_{x,y} = \text{Max}\{|F_m P_{x,y} - F_{m-2} P_{x,y}|, |F_{m+1} P_{x,y} - F_{m-1} P_{x,y}|\}$ .
- [c5] 5. The method of motion detection recited in claim 4, wherein the  $MF_{x,y}$  is obtained by:
  - selecting the maximum differences for any adjacent four pixels including the  $MD_{x,y}$ , and taking an average, so as to obtain a plurality of averaged maximum differences  $AMD_{x,h}$ , wherein the  $AMD_{x,h}$  represents the average maximum differences for the  $h^{\text{th}}$  pixel of the  $x^{\text{th}}$  line, in which  $h$  is a positive integer, and a calculation formula of  $AMD_{x,h} = (MD_{x,h} + MD_{x,h+1} + MD_{x,h+2} + MD_{x,h+3}) / 4$  is used; and
  - taking a minimum from the averaged maximum differences, so as to obtain a motion factor  $MF_{x,y}$ , wherein  $MF_{x,y}$

represents the motion factor for the  $y^{\text{th}}$  pixel of the  $x^{\text{th}}$  line.

[c6] 6. The method of motion detection recited in claim 5, wherein a minimum is obtained from a number of the adjacent averaged maximum differences and the  $MF_{x,y}$  is obtained by

$$MF_{x,y} = \text{Min}(AMD_{x,y}, AMD_{x,y-1}, AMD_{x,y-2}, AMD_{x,y-3}).$$

[c7] 7. The method of motion detection recited in claim 5, wherein a minimum is obtained from a number of the adjacent averaged maximum differences and the  $MF_{x,y}$  is obtained by

$$MF_{x,y} = \text{Min}(AMD_{x,y}, AMD_{x,y-3}).$$

[c8] 8. The method of motion detection recited in claim 5, wherein the step of detecting the motion factor  $MF_{x,y}$  to judge whether the composite video signal to be the motion state or the still state for the  $y^{\text{th}}$  pixel in the  $x^{\text{th}}$  line comprises:

providing a threshold value; and

comparing the  $MF_{x,y}$  with the threshold value, wherein the  $y^{\text{th}}$  pixel in the  $x^{\text{th}}$  line of the composite video signal is judged as the motion state when the  $MF_{x,y}$  is greater than the threshold value, otherwise the still state is judged.

[c9] 9. The method of motion detection recited in claim 8,  
wherein the  $MF_{x,y}$  is the motion factor for the  $m^{\text{th}}$  frame.